

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH FOR  
UNITED STATES FIELD ARTILLERY ASSOCIATION  
Attention Officer Candidate School Hall of Fame Administrator  
Post Office Box 33027  
FORT SILL, OKLAHOMA 73503-0027  
(405) 351-5818 or AV 639-5818

1. NAME Henry Mohr DATE 1 February 1994

RANK Major General (Ret)

DOR 1 June 1975

DOB 30 November 1919

2. ADDRESS 20 Grand Circle Dr., St. Ann, Missouri 63074

3. PHONE (314) 739-5195

4. OCS CLASS NUMBER 42-26

DATE GRADUATED/COMMISSIONED 18 August 1942 Ft. Sill, OK

5. PRESENT DUTY ASSIGNMENT/OCCUPATION Journalist

ADDRESS Same as #2.

6. BRIEF RESUME OF DUTY ASSIGNMENT/OCCUPATION See attached Bio.

7. AWARDS AND DECORATIONS: Distinguished Service Medal, Legion of Merit,  
Bronze Star with Valor device, Meritorious Service Medal with first OLC,  
Army Commendation Medal, Army Reserve Commendation Medal, National Defense  
Service Medal, Army Reserve forces Medal, Ancient Order of St. Barbara.

GENERAL REMARKS: Highest military position held: Chief of the Army Reserve  
1 June 1975 until 30 May 1979. 1988 knighted in London ceremonies as "Sir  
Henry."

SIGNATURE 

LTC FA  
OCS Clone 505-68

ARPC-EP

MEMORANDUM FOR Administrator, OCS Hall of Fame

SUBJECT: Nomination of Major General (Ret) Henry Mohr to the Field Artillery Officer Candidate Hall of Fame (June 1994)

Major General (Ret) Henry Mohr is duly worthy and highly qualified for induction into the Field Artillery Officer Candidate Hall of Fame. MG (Ret) Mohr enlisted in the Regular Army as a private in September 1941. He was assigned to the 11th Field Artillery Battalion, 24th Infantry Division stationed at Schofield Barracks, Oahu, T.H. where he completed basic training.

General Mohr was in Hawaii when the Japanese attack on Pearl Harbor occurred on December 7, 1941. He is a member of the Pearl Harbor Survivors' Association.

In May 1942, he returned to the mainland to attend Field Artillery Officer Candidate School and was commissioned as a second lieutenant, Field Artillery in August 1942. After joining the 6th Division at Ft. Leonard Wood, he went back to Hawaii where the Division completed jungle warfare training. He participated in the New Guinea campaign for nearly a year, then went to the invasion and liberation of Luzon in the Philippines. He then went on to Korea as a member of the U.S. Occupation Forces.

In 1951 General Mohr returned to active duty as a captain and was assigned as an Assistant IG, Ft. Sill, OK. Later he was assigned to the 18th Field Artillery Group at Ft. Sill and accompanied the group to Europe. He was then assigned to Headquarters, Seventh U.S. Army at Stuttgart, Germany.

In 1953, General Mohr left active duty, and in 1954 was assigned as Assistant Chief of Staff, 102d Infantry Division. He later became the Division G3, responsible for plans, training, and operations, and remained in that assignment until the Division was inactivated in 1965. He was then assigned to the Office of the Chief, Army Reserve, Washington, D.C. as a Mobilization Designee. As part of that assignment, he participated in the planning and development of Army Reserve Commands (ARCOMs), which were new concepts in Reserve unit command and control.

When the 102d Army Reserve Command was activated, General Mohr was assigned as G3, and progressed to Chief of Staff, Deputy Commander and Commander. As the Commander of the 102d U.S. Army Reserve Command, he commanded 58 units in Missouri and Southern Illinois with a combined strength of more than 5000.

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During 1973-74, he served as a member and consultant for Reserve Affairs to the Office Secretary of Defense Total Force Study Group chaired by Mr. Eckhard Bennewitz, Deputy Assistant Secretary of the Army.

On June 1, 1975, General Mohr was appointed by the President as the Chief, Army Reserve, and served a statutory tour of active duty. This Pentagon assignment included promotion to the rank of Major General.

General Mohr attended Field Artillery School OCS, Artillery Officer Advanced Course, Artillery and Missile School, and the Command and General Staff College.

General Mohr's decorations include the Legion of Merit, Bronze Star Medal with Valor device, the U.S. Presidential Unit Citation, the Philippine Presidential Unit Citation, the Meritorious Service Medal, and the Army Commendation Medal. In May 1979, the Secretary of the Army awarded General Mohr the Distinguished Service Medal; the Army's highest peacetime award.

General Mohr has served on the Board of Directors of the St. Louis Chapters of the Association of the U.S. Army, and Reserve Officers Association. On August 17, 1979 he was selected to be Executive Director of the Missouri Coalition for Peace Through Strength.

General Mohr was knighted in London ceremonies as "Sir Henry" in August 1988, in the NATO priority of the second oldest military order in the world, the Sovereign Military Order of the Temple of Jerusalem (Knights Templar) of literary fame, established in the year 1118. The citation states this honor is in recognition of General Mohr's "past and continuing contributions to NATO and Free World security."

He is a member of the American Security Council, the Senior Army Reserve Commanders Association, the Reserve Officers Association, the Ancient Order of Saint Barbara, Pearl Harbor Survivors Association, Veterans of Foreign Wars, The American Legion, High Frontier (which presented President Ronald Reagan with the concept of a space-based anti-ballistic missile defense), plus numerous military and veterans associations of the Armed services, and many civilian organizations oriented to civilian service and national security.

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It is with great pleasure that I recommend MG(Ret) Henry Mohr for  
admission into the Field Artillery Officer Candidate Hall of  
Fame.



RICHARD M. PITTS  
LTC, FA  
Deputy Director, Enlisted  
Personnel Management

Encls

1. Biographical Sketch
2. Biographical Summary
3. Two photographs